

Simulation of optical response for next-generation single- reflector LLR targets

Toshimichi Otsubo (t.otsubo@r.hit-u.ac.jp)
Hitotsubashi University



Hiroo Kunimori

National Institute of Information and Communications Technology

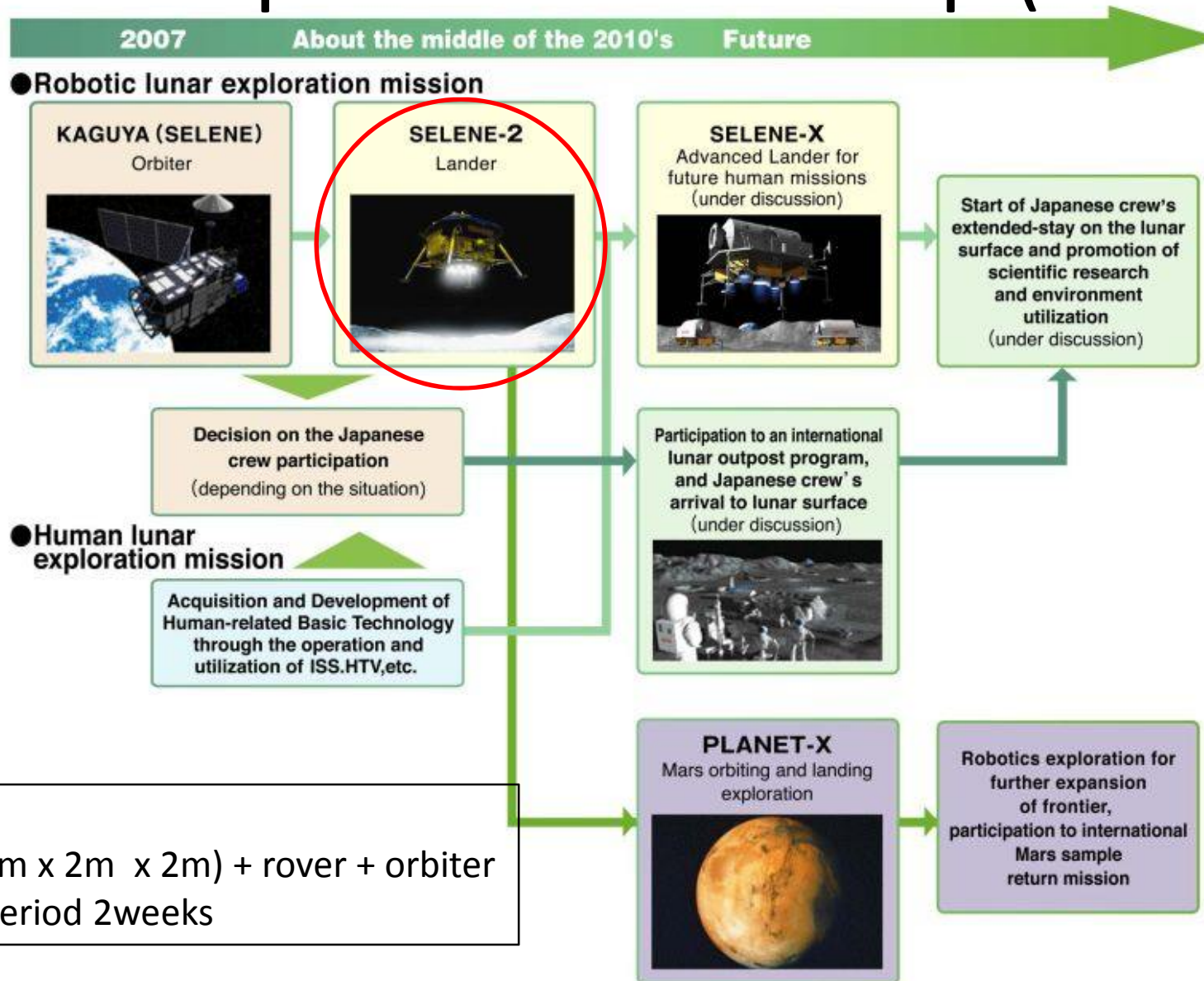


Hiroto Noda, Hideo Hanada, Hiroshi Araki

National Astronomical Observatory of Japan



Lunar exploration roadmap (JAXA)

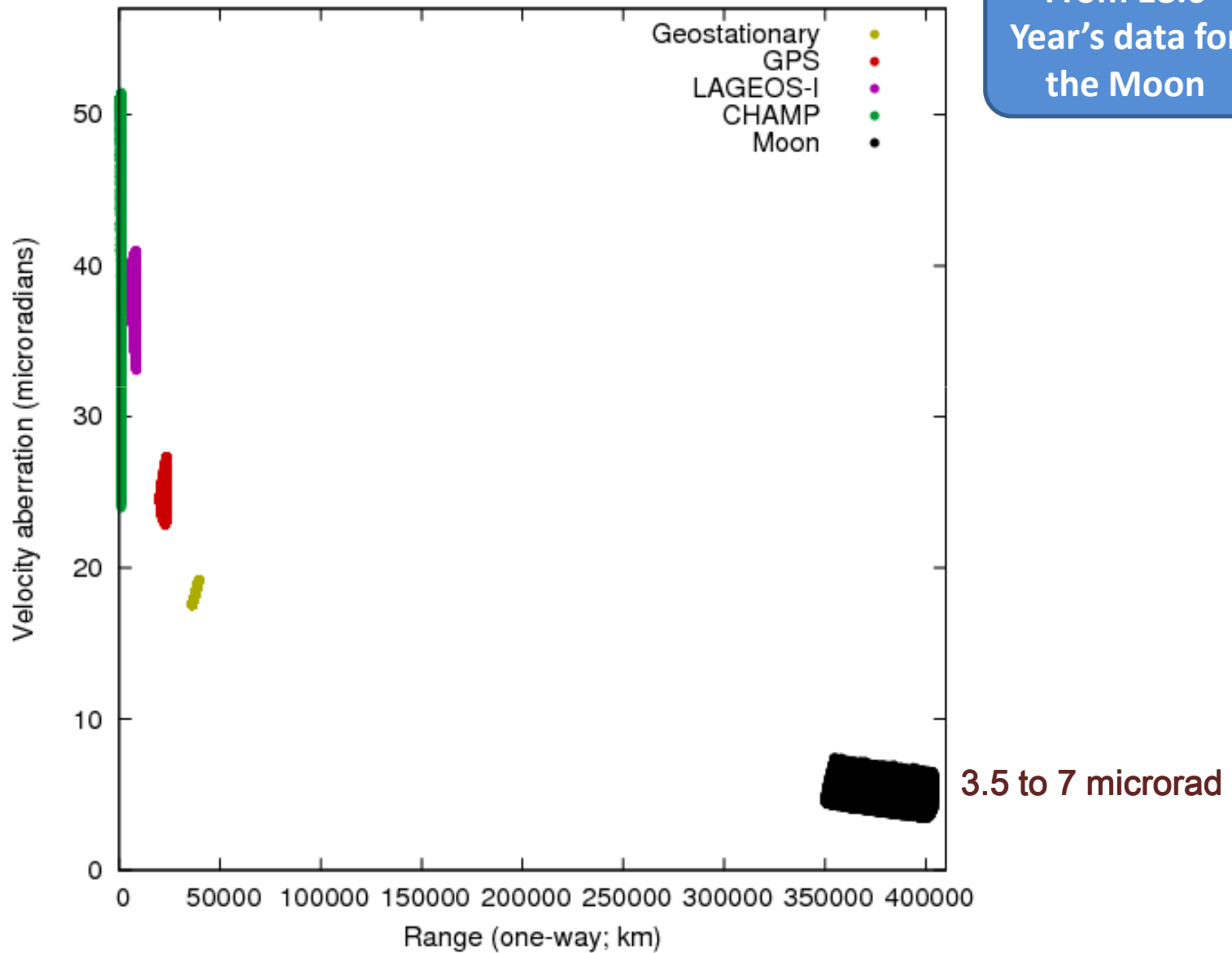


SELENE2 status

- Mission for landing demonstration + sciences
- pre-project phase
 - 2008 call for payloads
 - 2010-11
 - Selection of model payloads
 - Selection of landing site(s) candidates
 - FY2011 proposal to be a project
 - ...
 - FY2016? Launch

Velocity Aberration from SLR to LLR

From 18.6
Year's data for
the Moon



Velocity Aberration in LLR

Velocity Aberration

$$= 2 v \sin \phi / c$$

Motion of the Moon

~ 1 km/s



V. A. Maximised

~ 7 microrad

V. A. Minimised

~ 3.5 microrad

**Earth
Rotation**

< 0.5 km/s



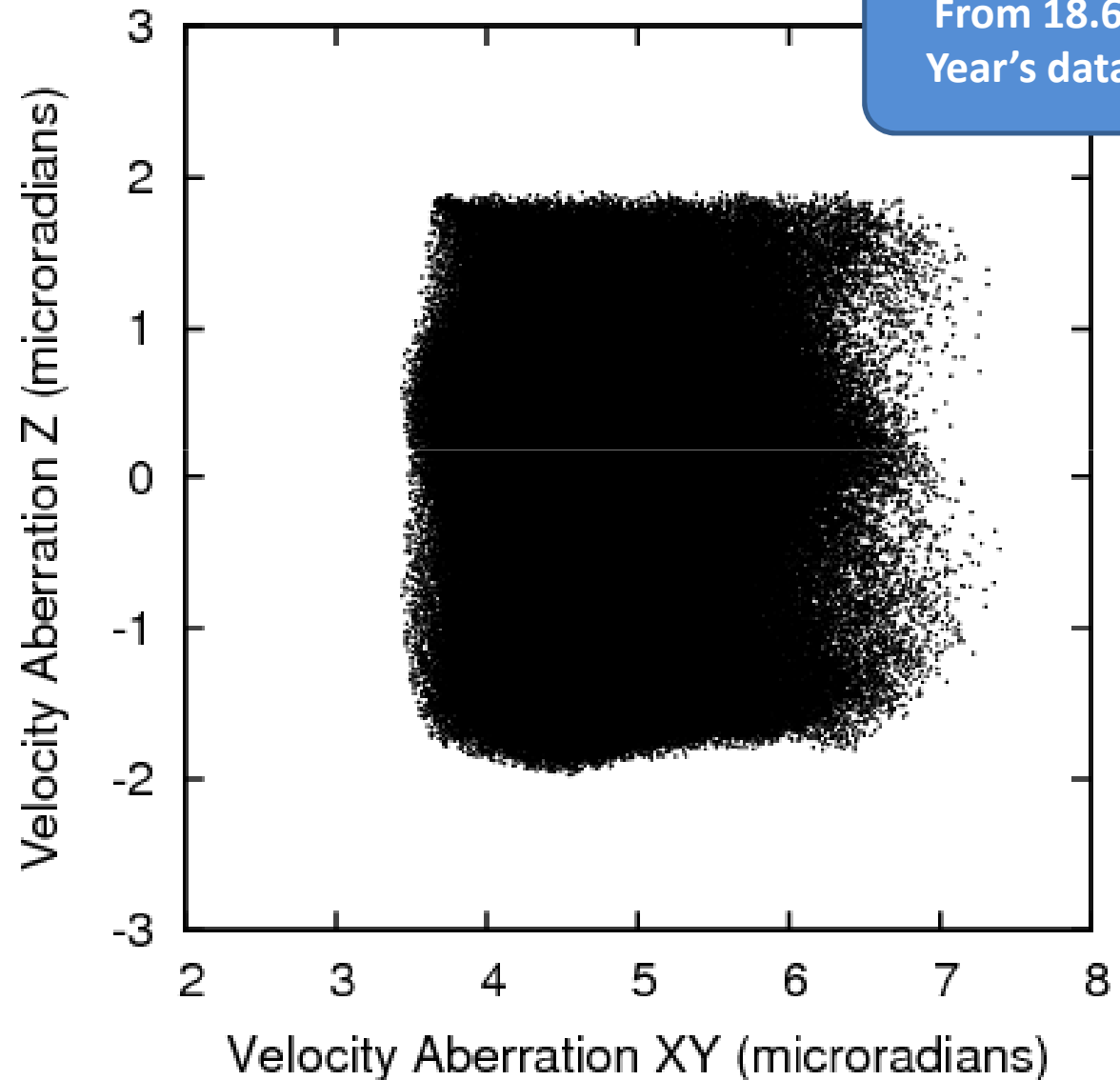
V. A. Maximised

~ 7 microrad

Velocity Aberration from Lunar LRA

2-D graph

Z = parallel to
Moon's z axis

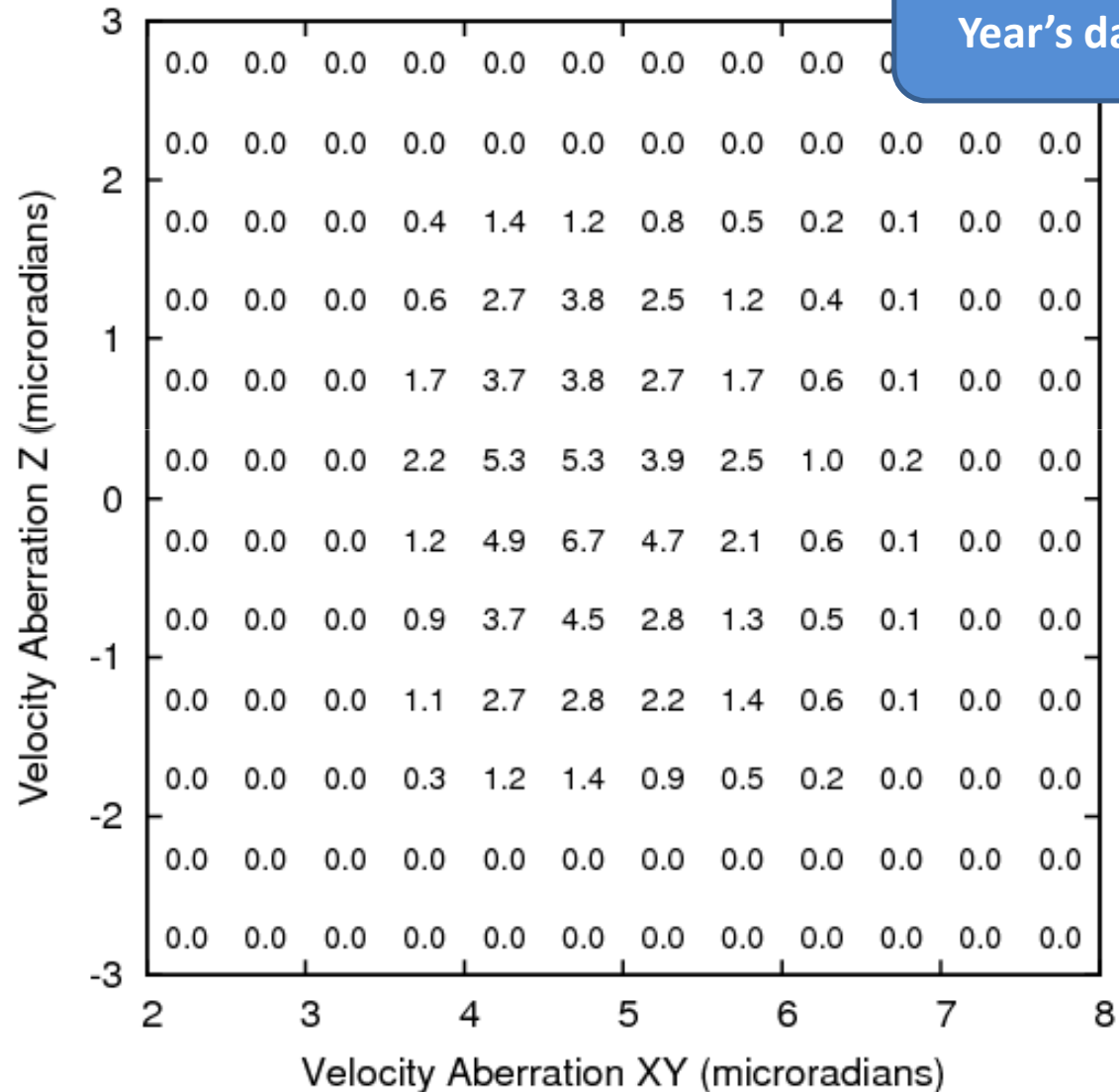


Velocity Aberration from Lunar LRA

2-D graph

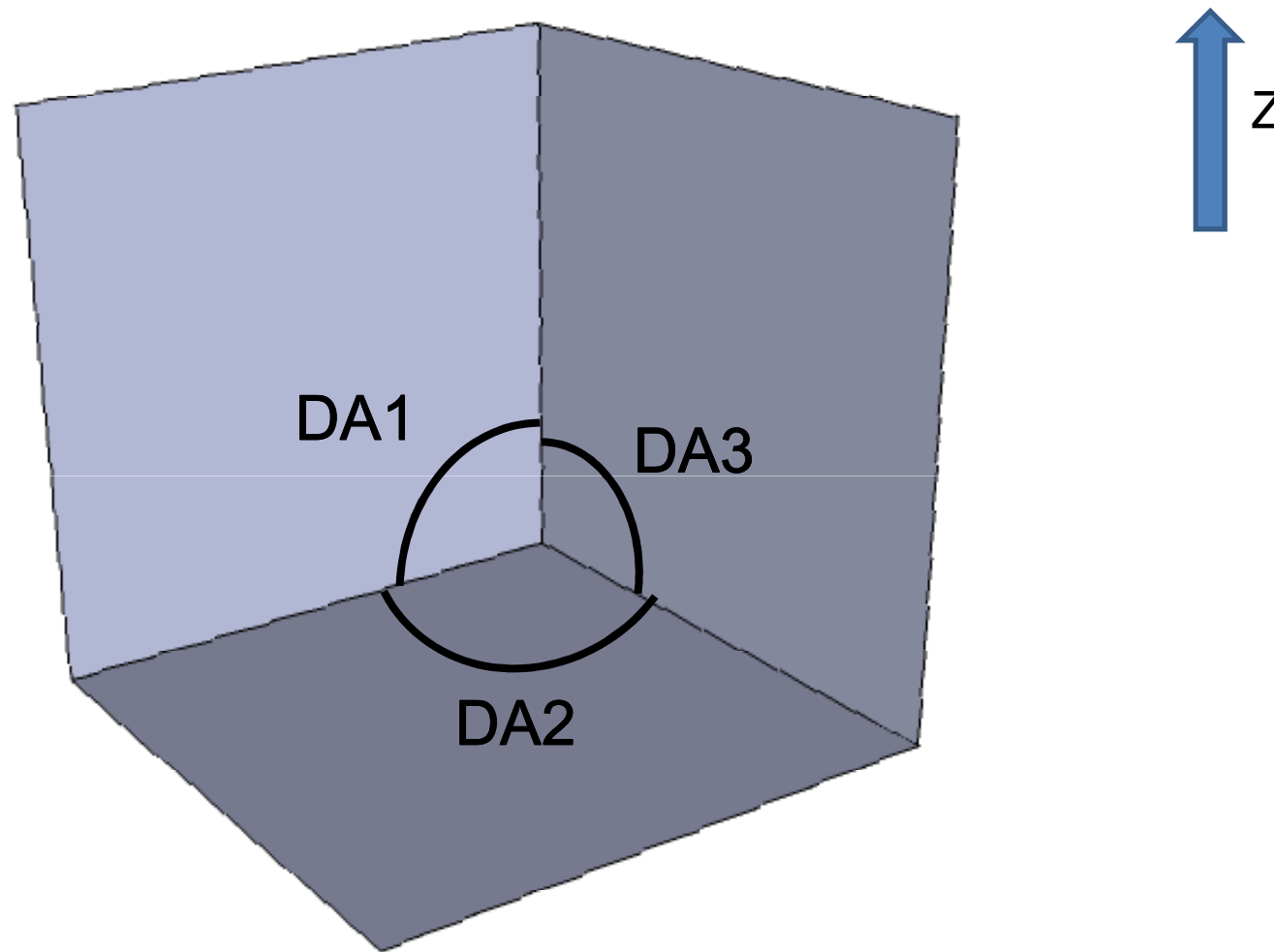
Z = parallel to
Moon's z axis

From 18.6
Year's data



Use this percentage
for weighting

Dihedral Angle 1-2-3: Definition



Case 1: $DA1 = DA2 = DA3$

Case 2: $(DA1 = DA3) \neq DA2$

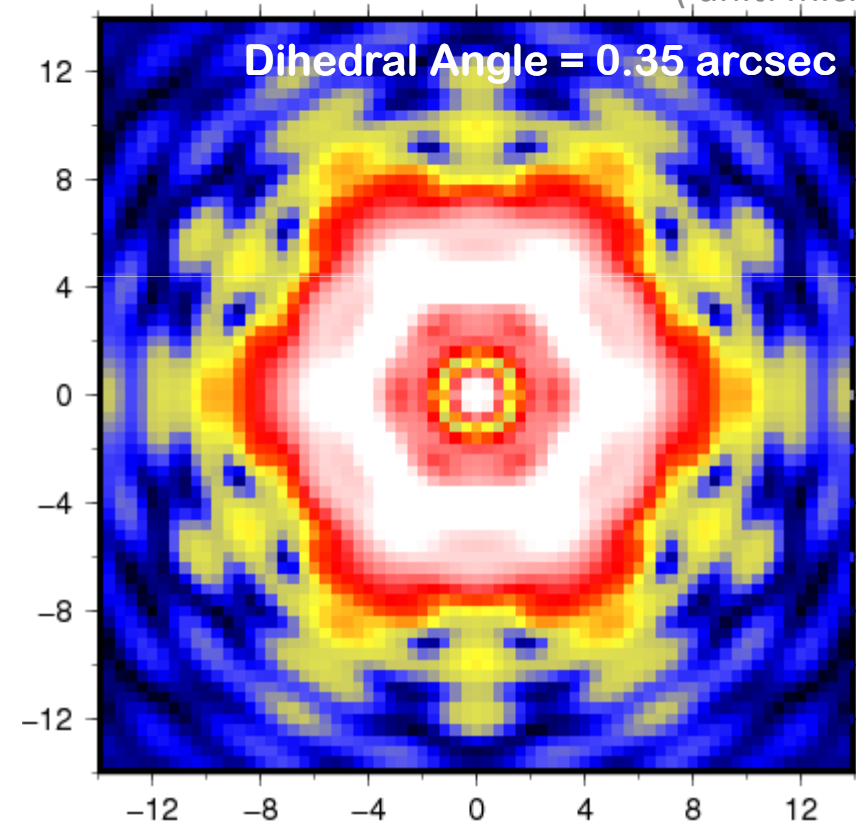
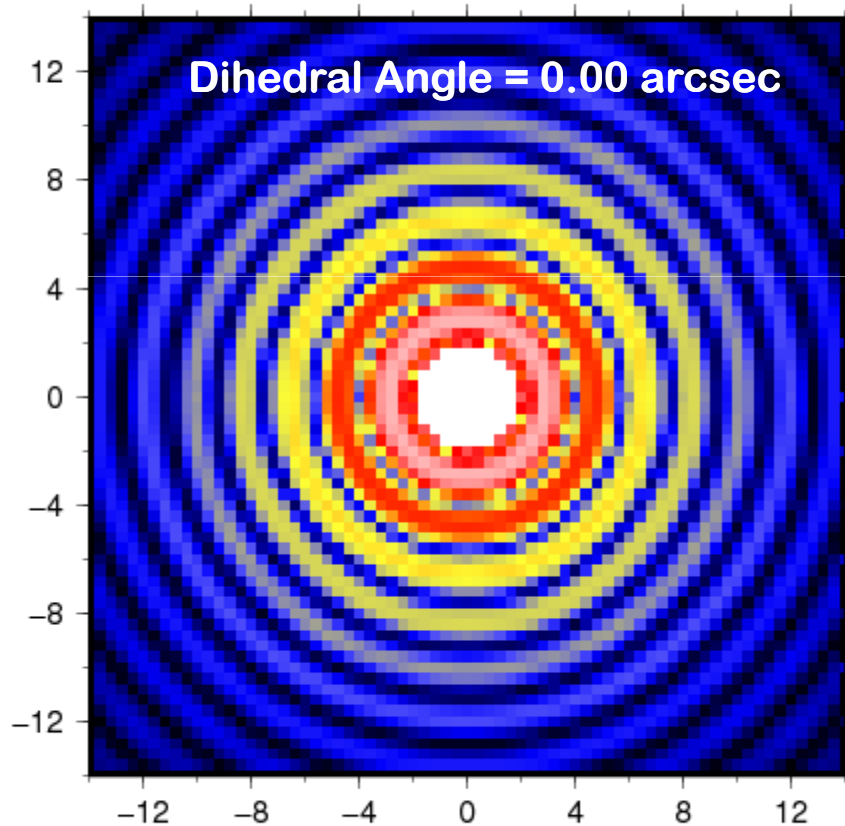
Far-field diffraction pattern: Case-1

Possible LLR retroreflector (Circular front face 200 mm , Hollow type)

V. A. for LLR = 3.5 to 7 microrad

Wavelength = 532 nm, Linear polarization, Angle of incidence = 0

(unit: microrad)



Otsubo, et al., Adv. Space Res., 2010.

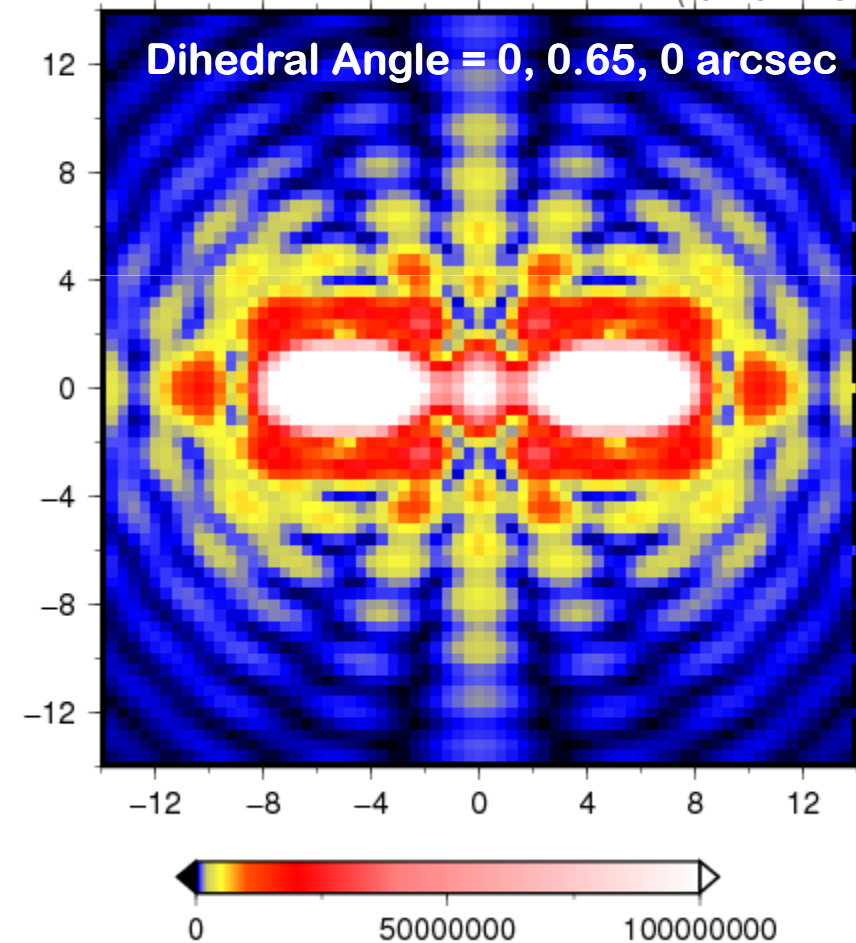
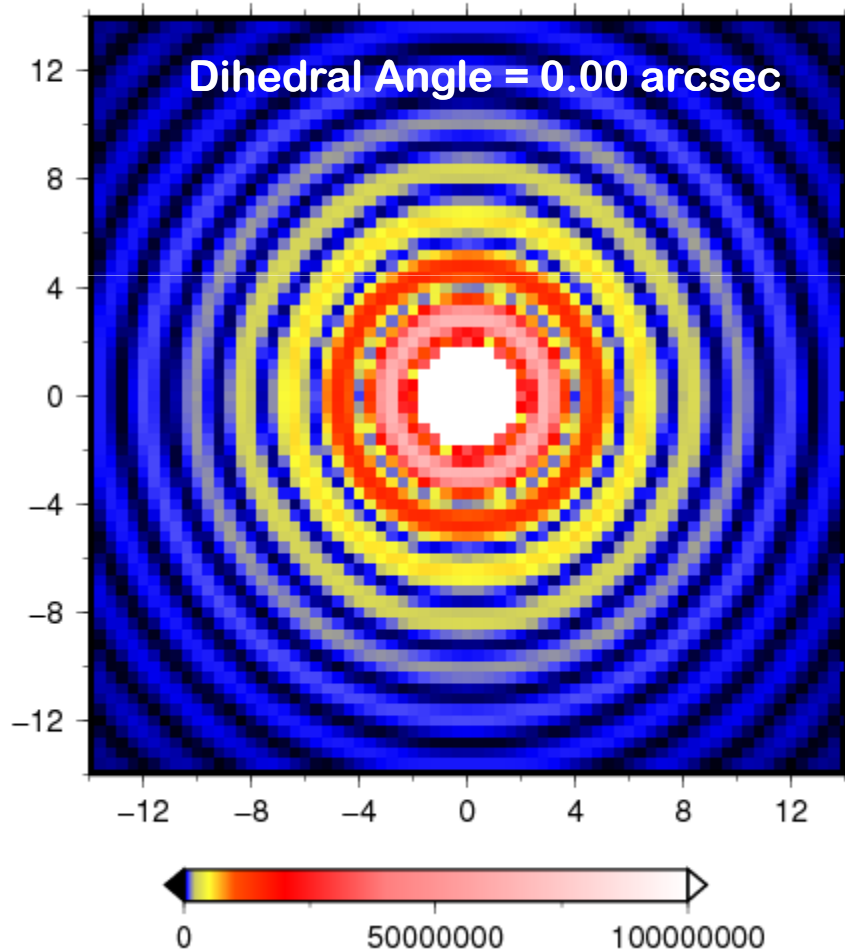
Far-field diffraction pattern: Case-2

Possible LLR retroreflector (Circular front face 200 mm , Hollow type)

V. A. for LLR = 3.5 to 7 microrad

Wavelength = 532 nm, Linear polarization, Angle of incidence = 0

(unit: microrad)



Best dihedral angle? $D = 200$ mm

Search for the best dihedral angle

Circular front face

Hollow type

Diameter = 200 mm

Wavelength = 532 nm

Intensity

Case 1 Best

(#1 = #2 = #3

~ 0.30 arcsec)

equiv. Apollo CCR x 177

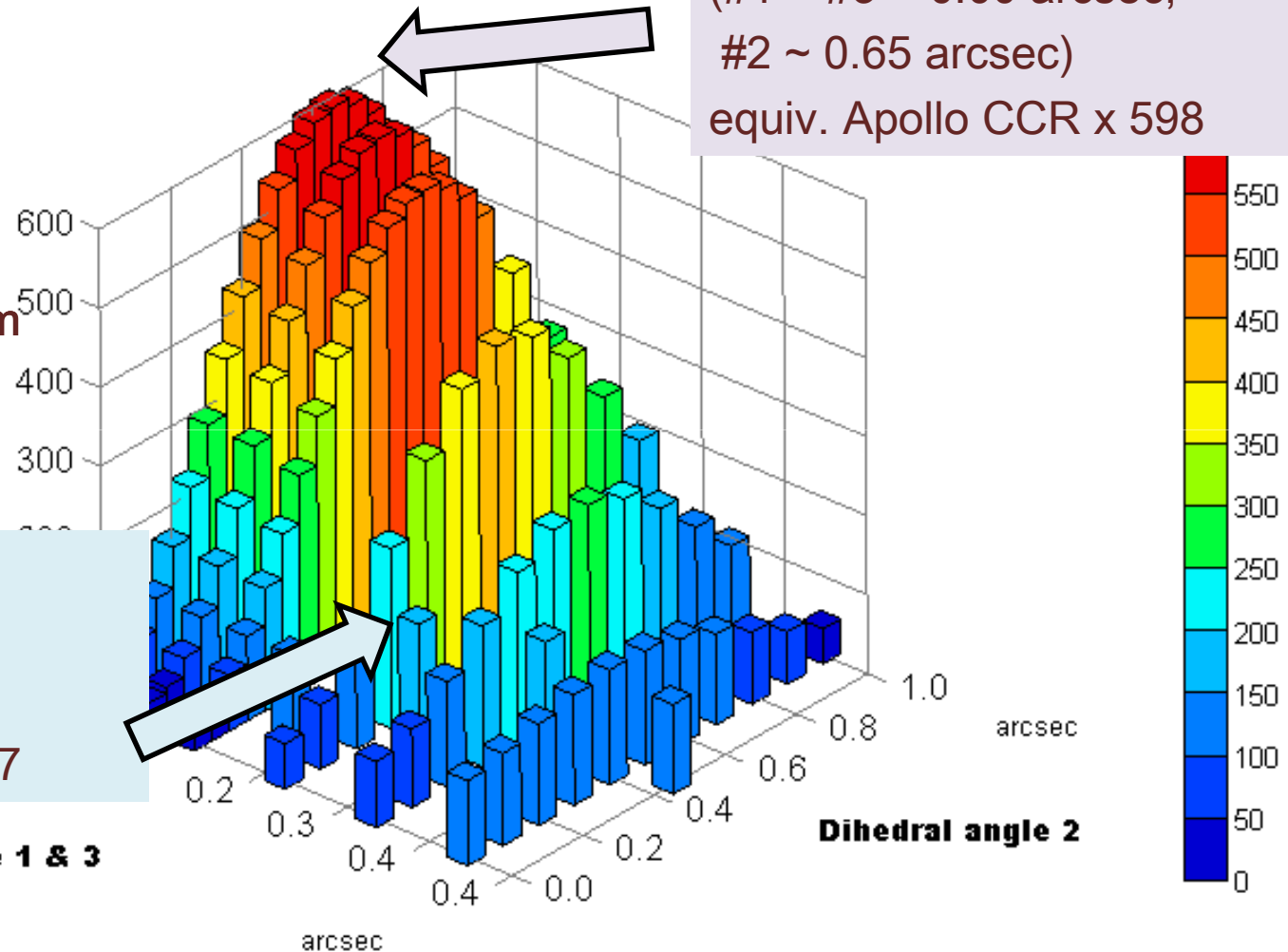
Dihedral angle 1 & 3

Case 2 Best (tentative)

(#1 = #3 = 0.00 arcsec,

#2 ~ 0.65 arcsec)

equiv. Apollo CCR x 598



Summary & Future studies

LLR Retroreflector: asymmetric dihedral angle performs best

Angle of incidence (2D) x Velocity aberration (2D)

Dihedral angle = [0.0, approx 0.6-0.7, 0.0] arcsec works best for large retros

Approx. 4 times stronger than the best symmetric dihedral angle [0.3, 0.3, 0.3]

Computer simulation vs Reality

Critical esp for large retros

Manufacturing error

Severe environment on the Moon