

# Design and qualification of a recessed satellite cornercube retroreflector for ground-based attitude determination via satellite laser ranging

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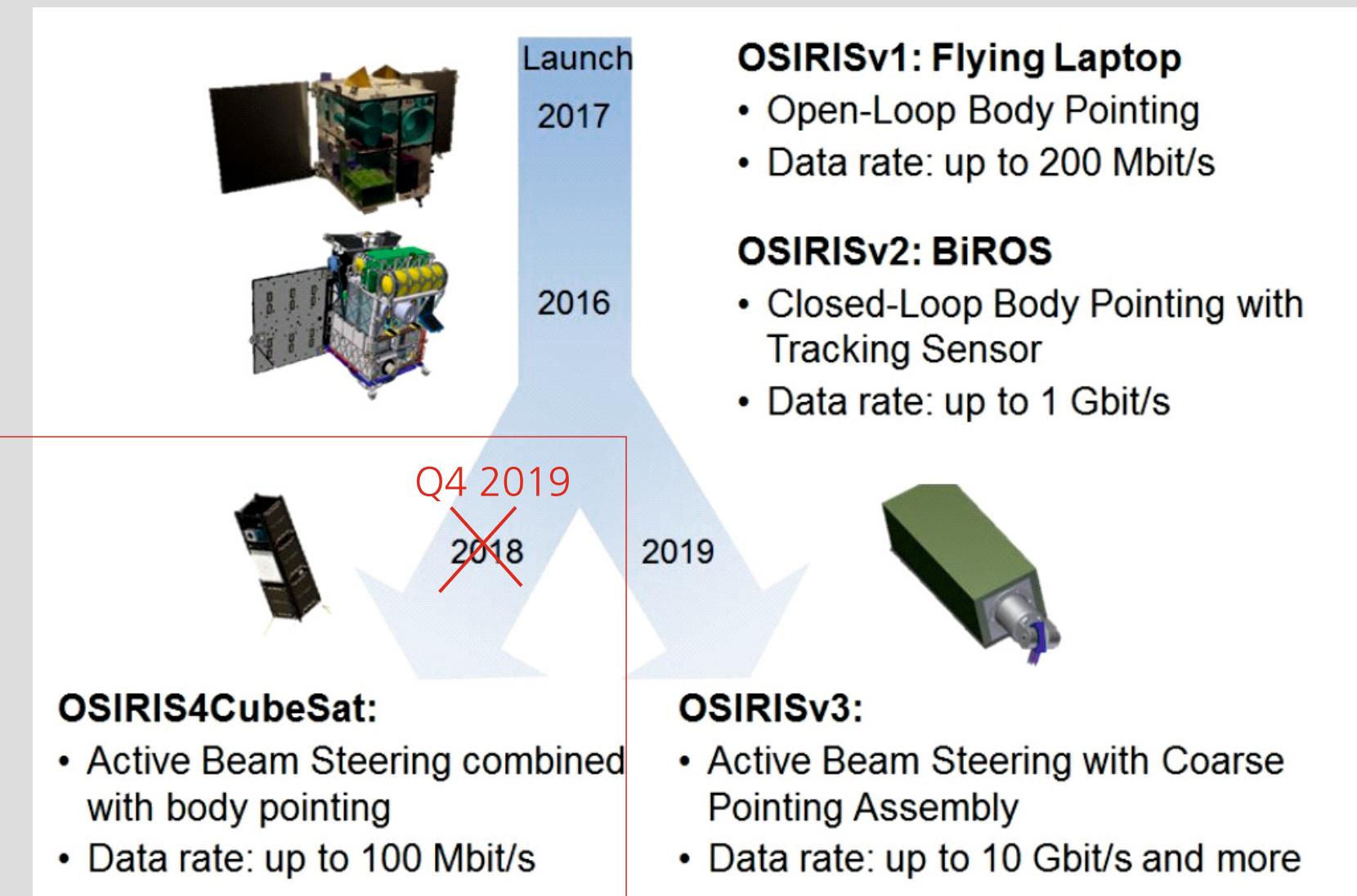
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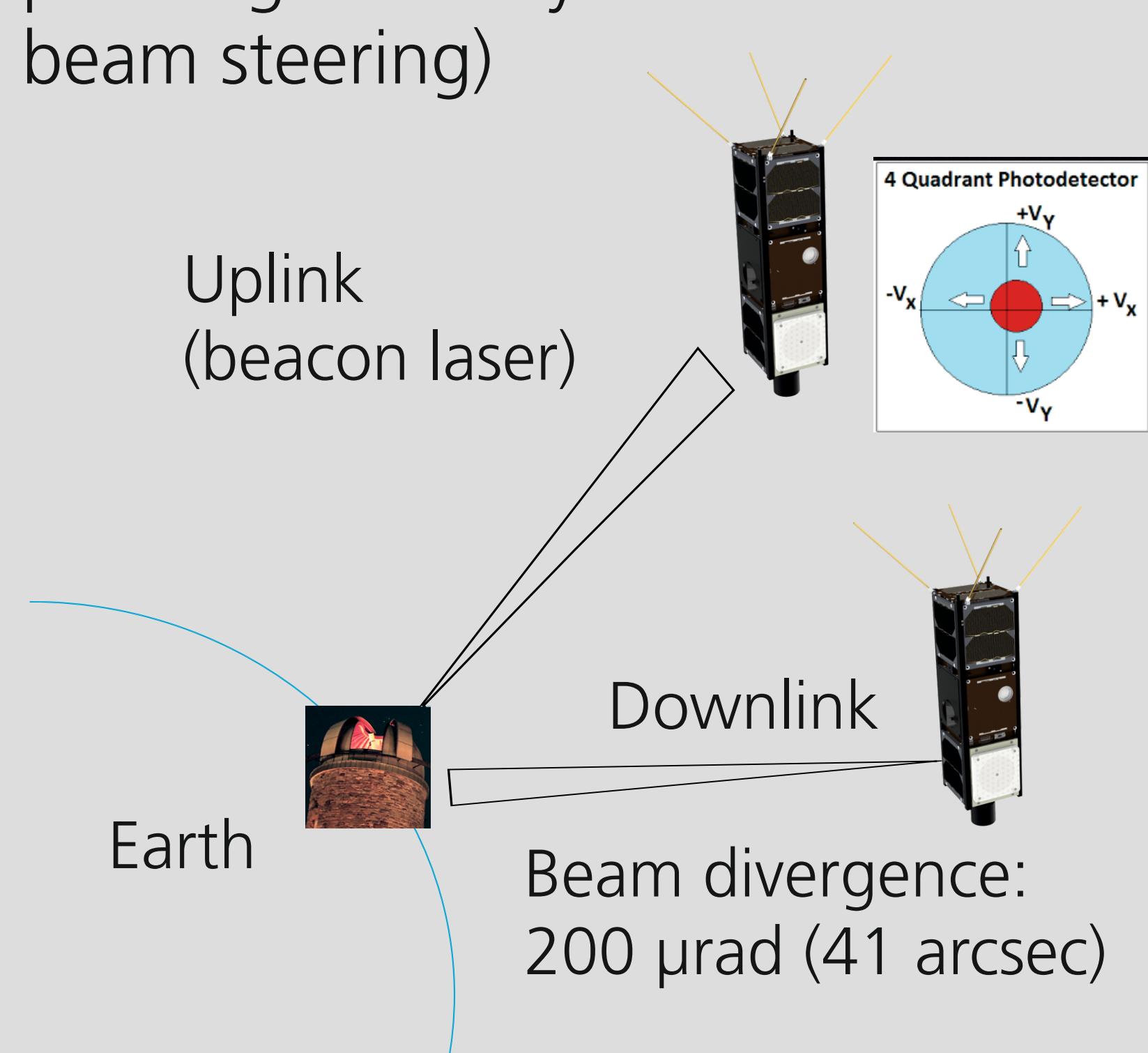
## Introduction

The German Aerospace Center (DLR) is working on the development of compact laser communication payloads for low-earth orbit (LEO) satellites.



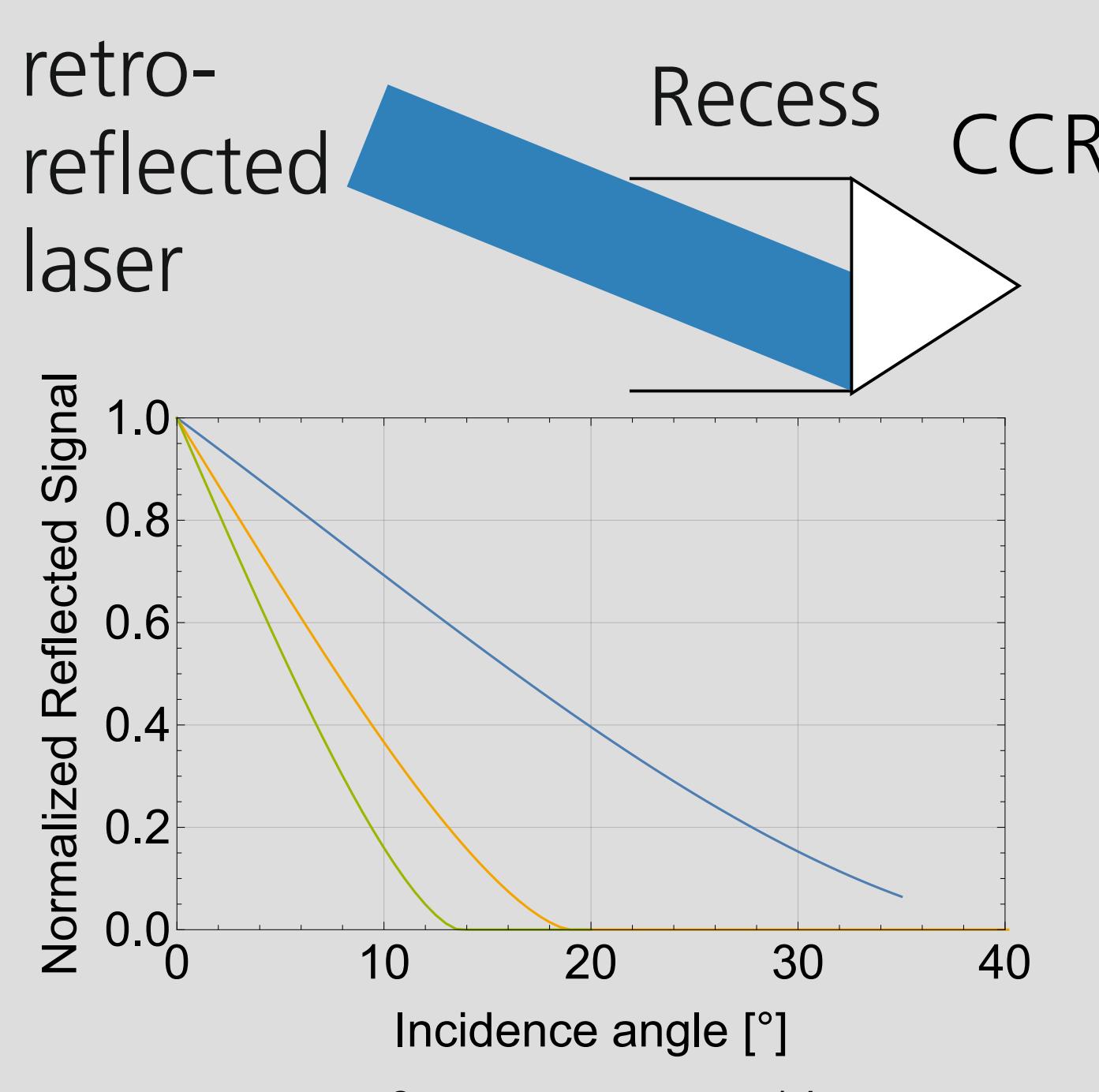
## Challenge of accurate pointing

The attitude control system (ACS) needs to be accurate by  $\pm 1^\circ$  (remaining pointing accuracy comes from active beam steering)



## Attitude verification via SLR

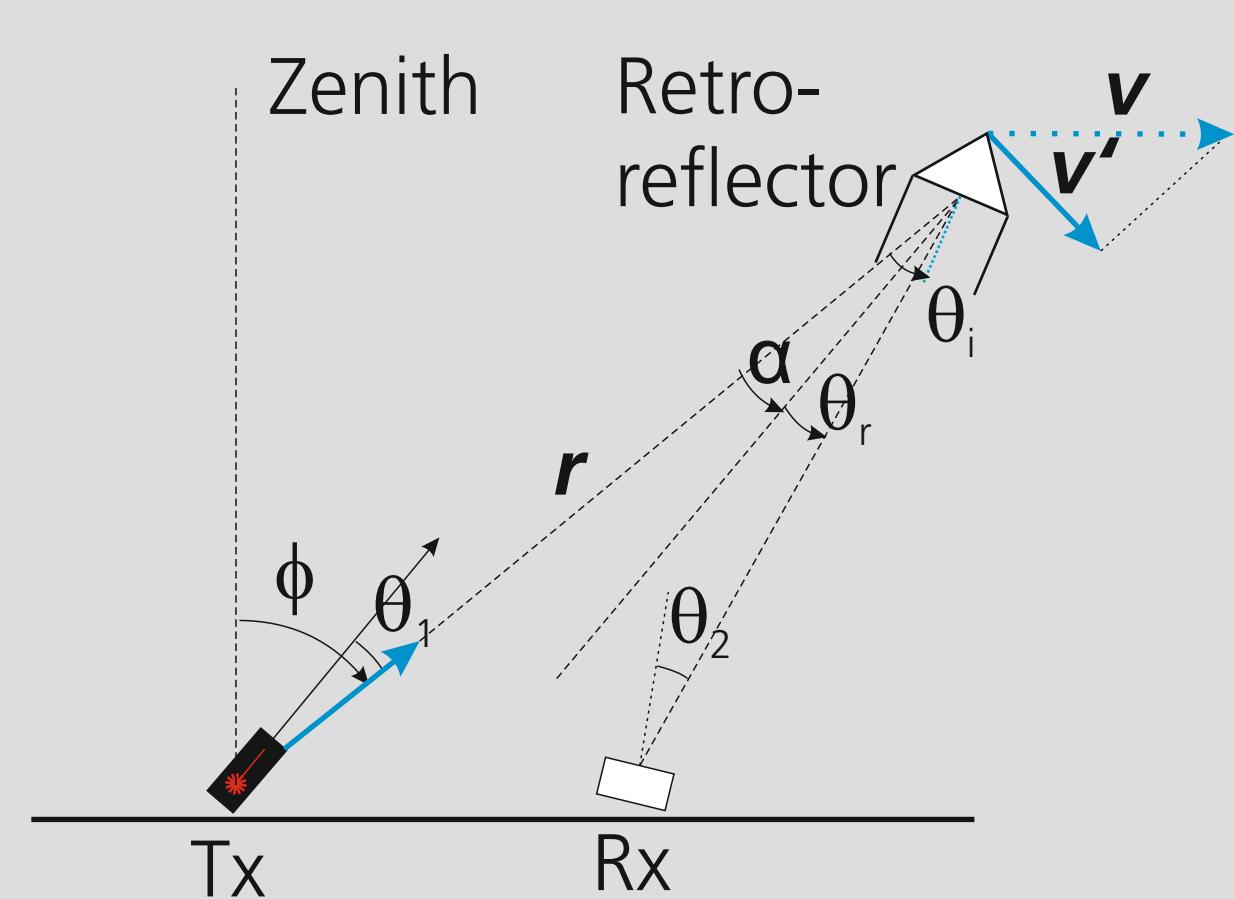
Goal: Independent verification of the functioning of the ACS via SLR to  $\pm 1^\circ$



A retroreflector with a 5mm circular front face needs a 14 mm recess to obtain a field of view FWHM of 5°

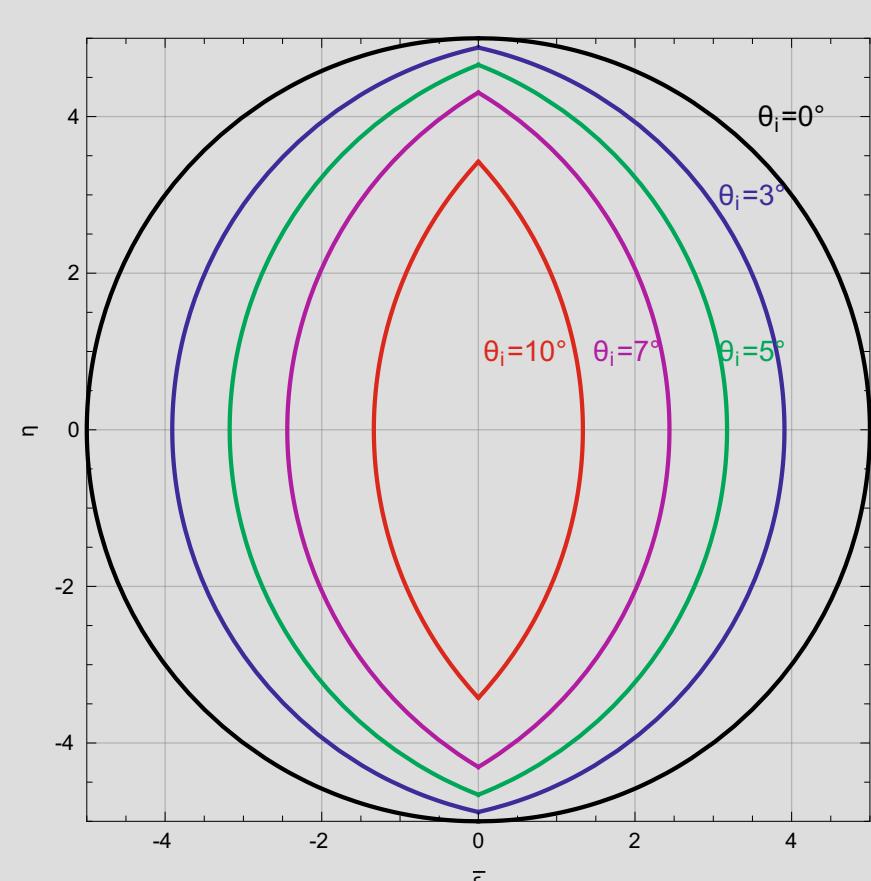
## Design of the recessed cube corner retroreflector (CCR)

### SLR Geometry



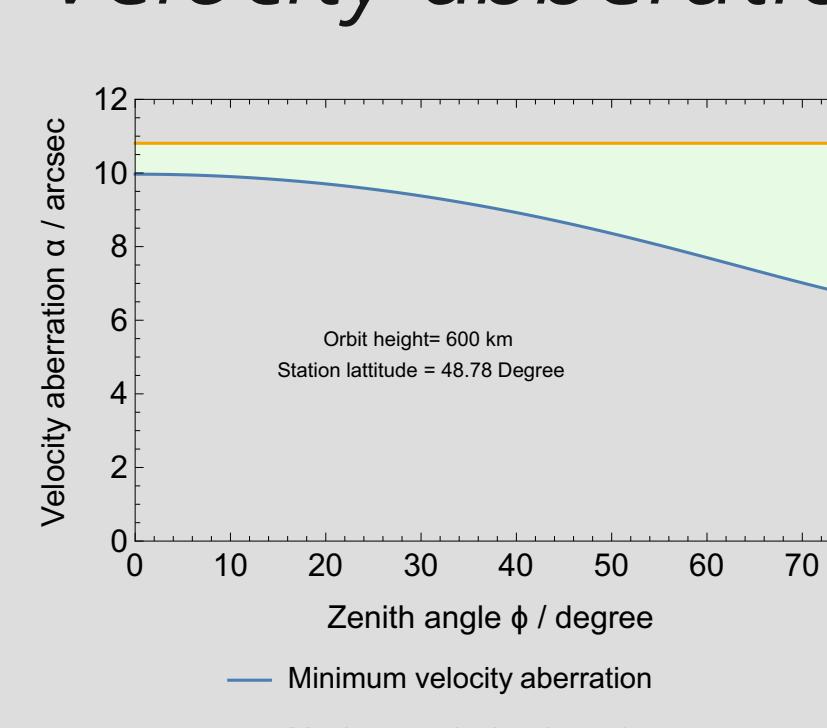
Emitter (Tx) and receiver (Rx) are typically collocated, apparent receiver angle  $\theta_r$  due to velocity aberration  $\alpha$

### Calculation of the field of view



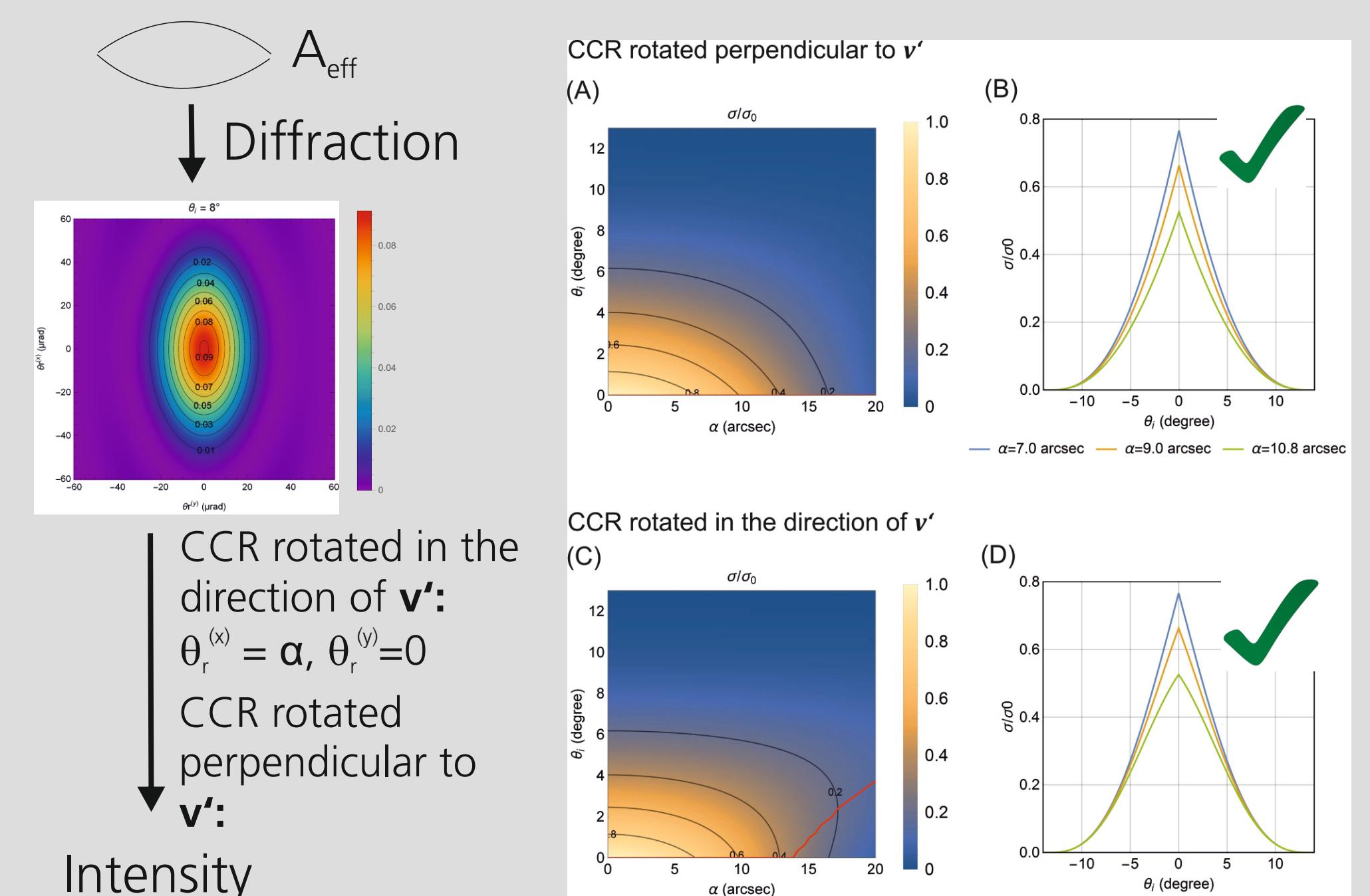
Reflectivity of the CCR is proportional to the effective area  $A_{\text{eff}}$ .

### Velocity abberation



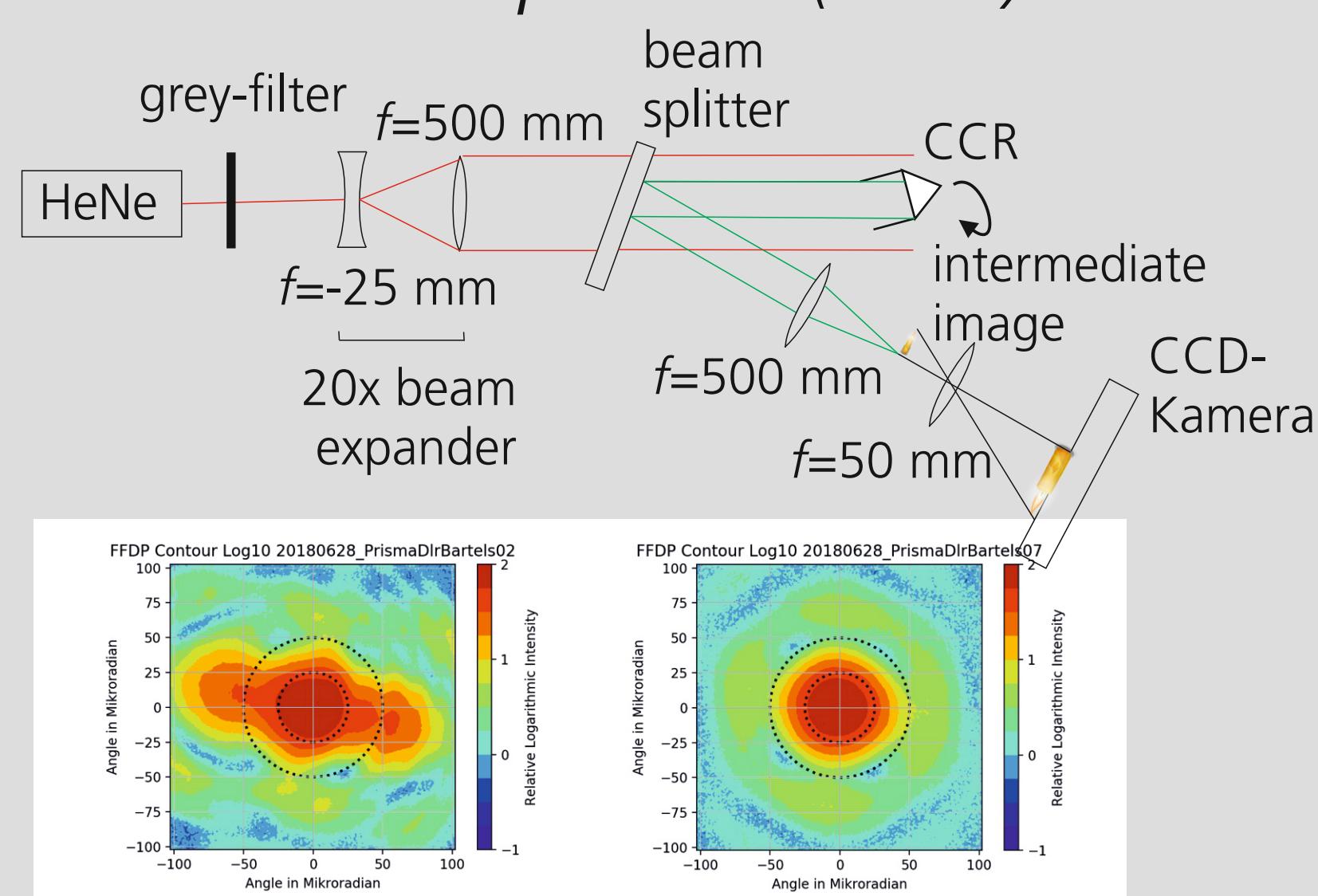
Velocity abberation  $\alpha$  is between 7 and 10 arcsec

Does the SLR signal peak when the retro-reflector points towards the SLR station?

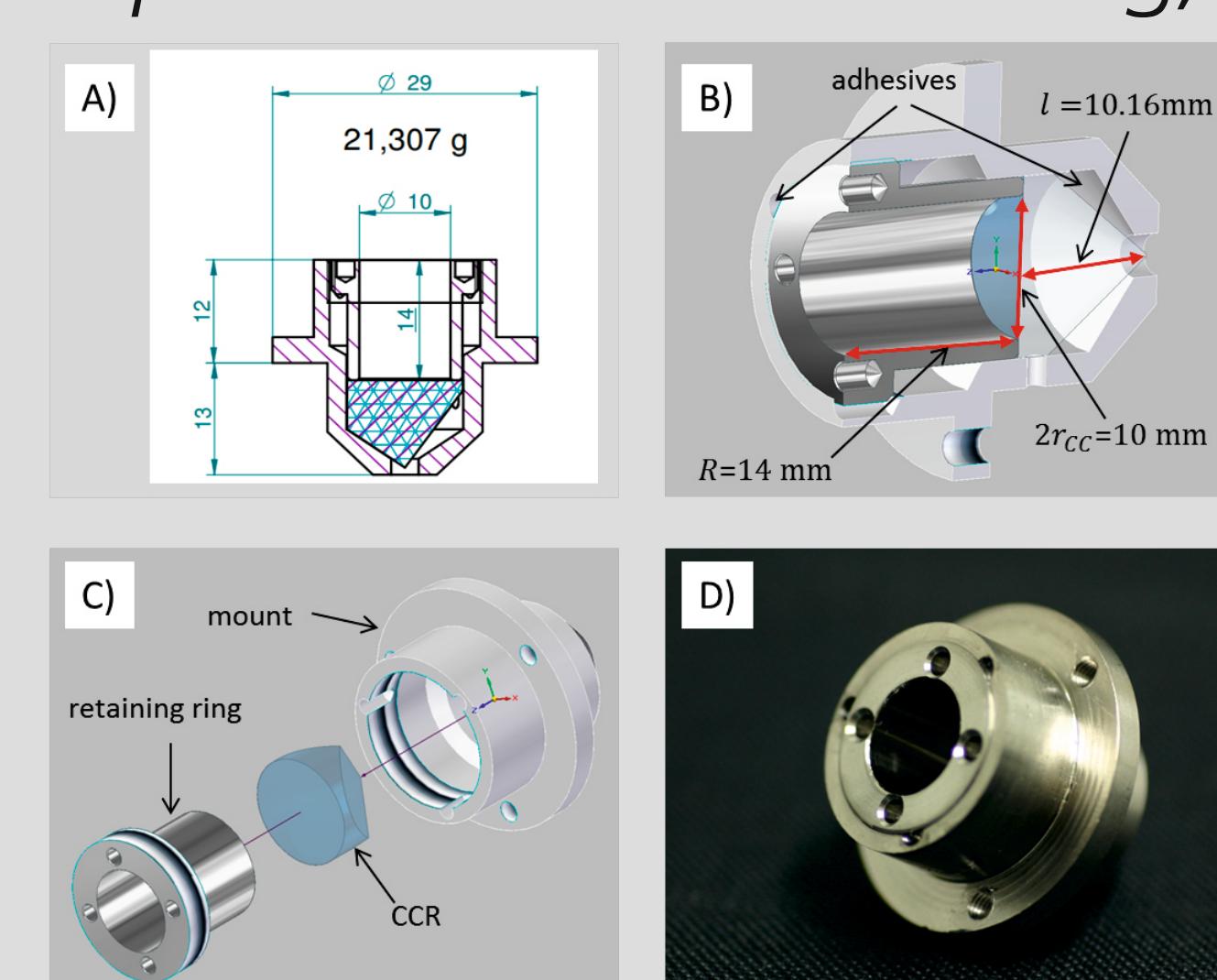


## Manufacturing and testing

### 1. Measurement of the far-field diffraction pattern (FFDP)

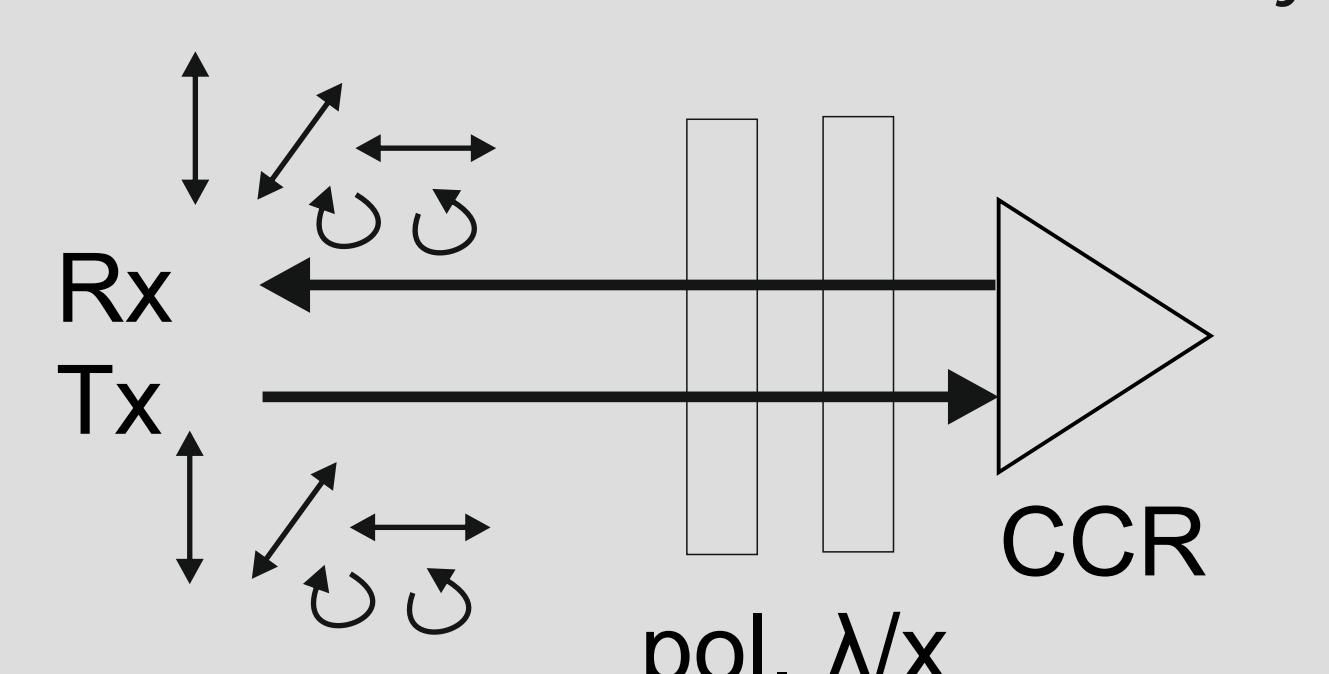


### 2. CAD design, manufacturing, glueing, response of FFDP to heating, vibration



## Future plans:

### 1. Smart retroreflectors + arrays



	Retardance	Diattenuation
CCR1	0°	0
CCR2	45°	0.5
CCRN		

Retroreflectors with polarimetric ID (could be passive or active as modulated retroreflector)

### 2. SLR of the CubeL retroreflector

Correlate the SLR signal to the orientation of the rotating satellite

